

Childbirth Class Videos | BabyCenter

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Recommended by Guthrie East Corning OB/GYN

NOTE: Episodes were chosen that most mimic the topics discussed in our classroom setting.

Chapter 1: Labor Basics

- □ Episode 1: What is labor really like? Learn more about the basics of labor, how long it typically lasts, and the most common ways to give birth. (3 minutes) Episode 4: Using a doula as a labor coach Learn how a labor coach can help you during labor. A doula does not deliver your baby. She's there to give you and your partner personalized support. (4 minutes) NOTE: You are welcome to hire a doula. Guthrie East Corning OB/GYN does not keep a list of doulas; you will need to research doulas on your own. (You may be accompanied by 3 persons which would include two visitors and a doula OR **3** visitors if you do not have a doula. Your doula does count as a "visitor".) □ Episode 5: 5 signs that you're in labor Find out how your body lets you know when you're really going into labor. (3 minutes) □ Episode 6: What do contractions feel like? *Moms who have been through it describe what contractions feel like. (1 minute)* □ Episode 7: How to time contractions It's important to accurately time your contractions when you're in labor. Here's how. (2 minutes) NOTE: sample contraction timing chart is attached. Episode 8: In labor? When to call the doctor or midwife Once labor starts, here's how you know when to call to your doctor or midwife. (2 minutes) NOTE: the following is contact information for Guthrie East Corning patients: M – F, 8am – 5pm: 607-973-8800 (OB-GYN office) After hours, weekends, holidays: 607-937-7200 (hospital) Corning Hospital Labor/Delivery: 607-937-7363 *If no answer, just go; after 5:30pm use ED entrance; Main Entrance opens at 5:30am Chapter 2: Stages of Labor
 - Episode 9: What happens to my body during labor?
 During labor, your body is moving your baby down and out. Your cervix also changes to prepare for birth. (1 minute)
 - Episode 10: First stage of labor: Early labor, active labor and transition
 Early contractions kick off the first and longest stage of labor, which lasts until it's time to push. (5 minutes)
 - Episode 11: Second stage of labor: Pushing and giving birth
 You push during the second stage of labor and your baby enters the world. (2 minutes)



- Episode 12: Third stage of labor: Delivery of the placenta
 After your baby is born, you'll deliver the placenta. This is the shortest and last stage of labor.
 (1 minute)
- Episode 13: What happens after delivery
 Learn what you and your baby can expect after birth. (4 minutes)
 NOTE: Would your partner like to cut the cord? Ask.
- Episode 14: <u>7 labor myths</u>
 Here are the facts to debunk seven myths about labor. (6 minutes)

Chapter 3: Managing Labor Pain

- Episode 15: Can I make labor less painful?
 During labor, your body is moving your baby down and out.
 Your cervix also changes to prepare for birth. (3 minutes)
- Episode 16: Pain medication during labor: How common is it?
 More than 4 out of 5 women use pain medication during childbirth.
 Whether or not you plan to use medication, it's good to know your options. (3 minutes)
- Episode 17: Natural pain relief: Breathing techniques
 Breathing is a simple but effective natural way to help manage labor pain, by helping you relax or distracting you. (3 minutes)
- Episode 18: Natural pain relief: Walking and changing positions Moving around and trying different positions are natural ways to ease labor pain. (2 minutes)
 Episode 19: Natural pain relief: Massage techniques
- Massage is a natural way to ease labor pain. Learn techniques such as the "double hip squeeze" and back counterpressure. (6 minutes)
- Episode 20: Natural pain relief: Water
 Whether a soak in a tub or a shower, water is a natural way to ease labor pain. (1 minute)
- <u>Episode 21</u>: <u>Medical pain relief: Systemic medications</u> Learn about the pros and cons of using systemic medication to ease labor pain. (2 minutes)
- Episode 22: Medical pain relief: Epidural Learn what happens when you have an epidural to block labor pain. (2 minutes)
 NOTE: you do not have to wait any length of time before asking for an epidural. However, if you wait too long, there may not be enough time to place it for you.

Chapter 4: Medical Procedures During Labor and Delivery

- Episode 24: Monitoring your baby during labor
 Fetal monitoring keeps tabs on your baby's heart rate to make sure the pattern is normal.
 (3 minutes)
- Episode 25: How and why labor is induced
 Sometimes medication or other techniques are used to kick-start labor.
 Learn what happens and why. (4 minutes)
- Episode 26: Having a c-section
 A c-section may be planned or unexpected. Here's how this surgical intervention works.
 (3 minutes)



Episode 27: Episiotomy or perineal tearing

Learn about surgical and natural tearing during labor and what's involved with healing. (3 minutes)

- Episode 28: <u>Assisted delivery: Vacuum or forceps</u>
 In an assisted delivery, your caregiver uses a vacuum extractor to help pull your baby out.
 (2 minutes)
- Episode 29: Avoiding unnecessary interventions during labor
 Knowing what questions to ask can help you avoid unnecessary medical interventions.
 (1 minute)

Chapter 5: Decisions to Make About Your Newborn

- Episode 30: Screening tests and treatments for newborns After birth, your baby will have a health check that includes routine and optional tests and treatments. (2 minutes)
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- Episode 31: Feeding your newborn: Breast milk or formula
 Babies can be breastfed or have formula. Learn about both feeding options. (4 minutes)
- Episode 32: Breastfeeding for the first time Even if breastfeeding is natural, it can still be tricky. Here's how to get off to a good start nursing your baby. (3 minutes)
 TIP: Ask to breastfeed as soon after birth as possible. Breast Pump questions? See attached Breast Pump Information, plan ahead.
 Episode 33: Rooming in with your newborn
- Hear about the benefits of having your newborn stay with you in your room instead of the nursery. (1 minute)

NOTE: "Rooming In" is the standard at Corning Hospital.

Episode 34: Banking your baby's cord blood

Cord blood is collected after your baby's umbilical cord is cut. It can be privately banked, donated to a public bank or discarded. (2 minutes)

NOTE: this is totally optional and can be very costly. You must research banks on your own and let your provider(s) know <u>ahead of time</u> that you are interested. See attached Birth Plan.

□ Episode 35: What is delayed cord clamping?

Learn about the technique of waiting to clamp the umbilical cord and why you might want to consider this option. (4 minutes)

NOTE: this option may be available, please discuss with your provider; include in your Birth Plan.

Episode 36: Cutting your baby's umbilical cord

In some birth settings, your partner can cut the umbilical cord. Here's what to expect if you choose this option. (1 minute)

NOTE: there are no nerve endings that would provide pain to your baby <u>or</u> to baby's mother; it won't hurt. <u>Ask</u> if your partner would like to do this.

Episode 37: Deciding whether to circumcise
 Learn about the risks and benefits of circumcising your son. (2 minutes)



Chapter 6: Pre-Delivery Checklist

- Episode 41: Prepare for your trip to the hospital or birth center Things to check off your pre-delivery checklist include packing your bag, planning your route, and installing a car seat. (3 minutes) NOTE: attached is a Sample Packing List for the Hospital
- Episode 42: Things to do before you're due
 Hear why it's a good time to line up help, practice breathing, and spend quality time with loved ones or alone. (2 minutes)

Chapter 7: Birth Stories

- Episode 43: Jackie's birth story: Stalled labor leads to a c-section
 One mom shares what happened when she gave birth and what she might have done differently. (2 minutes)
- <u>Episode 44</u>: <u>Purvi's birth story: Giving birth before the baby shower</u>
 One mom shares what happened when she gave birth and what she might have done differently. (3 minutes)
- Episode 45: Colleen's birth story: An epidural offers major relief
 One mom shares what happened when she gave birth and what she might have done differently. (2 minutes)
- Episode 46: Melylah's birth story: Drug-free birth and a surprise daughter
 One mom shares what happened when she gave birth and what she might have done differently. (3 minutes)
- Episode 47: Leslie's birth story: Induced labor and a long recovery
 One mom shares what happened when she gave birth and what she might have done differently. (3 minutes)
- Episode 48: Breanna's birth story: Switching from natural birth to an epidural
 One mom shares what happened when she gave birth and what she might have done differently. (2 minutes)



- Episode 49: Scott's birth story: A dad's view of a c-section
 One dad shares what happened when his wife gave birth by c-section. (2 minutes)
- Episode 50: Shino's birth story: A big baby and a painful tear
 One mom shares what happened when she gave birth and what she might have done differently. (2 minutes)
- Episode 51: Kelly's birth story: Speedy birth in the family car
 One mom shares what happened when she gave birth and what she might have done differently. (2 minutes)

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Breast Pump Information

Baby to breast is the BEST way to stimulate milk production.

Tips

- Insurance companies WILL cover a <u>manual</u> breast pump, but <u>not always an electric</u> breast pump.
- Check with your insurance company FIRST to see how far along in your pregnancy you must be to have a breast pump covered.
 - Most insurances will fill a prescription in the last month of pregnancy, but <u>this is</u> no guarantee they will cover it.
- Even if your insurance company says "they cover the pump"; they will ask us for documentation for why you need one.
 - Please ask for the breast pump order at your OB appointment at/or after 36 wks.
- You may also ask at your postpartum appointment.

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- They WILL COVER the breast pump if there is documented MEDICAL NECESSITY.
- IF the patient tries to get a prescription for the breast pump filled too early <u>; vendor</u> may tell you it's too early and they will hold on to your request until appropriate time. YOU should always follow up with us in the 3rd trimester.

Examples of Medical Necessity

- Typically covered under "lactating mother"
- Baby in NICU
- Latch problem (this documentation would come from your pediatrician most times)
- Baby not gaining weight appropriately (documentation needed from pediatrician)

Other

- Easiest method to obtain a breast pump is an online vendor; they ship directly to your home. Vendor takes care of everything on their end.
 - Popular Vendors: Aeroflow, Edgepark, YummyMummy, Babylist Rx.
- Once you receive your breast pump, make sure the flanges are the correct size for your nipples. (Your nipple should move freely inside the flange.)
- When storing milk, remember to document AM or PM on the bag, as breast milk changes throughout the day, AM has wake up hormones, PM has the sleepy hormones.
- Be sure to make yourself a "self-care basket" for breastfeeding that is: a water bottle, breast pads, Chapstick, a hair tie, a good book, pen/paper, etc. That way you won't have to get up in the middle of a feeding to get something.
- AND REMEMBER...the first 6 weeks are very, very tiring and can be hard, but if you can make it through those 6 weeks, it should be smooth sailing from there.



Your Birth Plan

A birth plan is a set of instructions you make about your baby's birth. Fill out this plan with your partner. Then share it with your provider, your family and other support people. It's best for everyone to know ahead of time how you want labor and birth to be.

Your name:

1. My health care provider's contact information:

Name: <u>Guthrie Corning OB/GYN</u> Phone: (607) 973-8800

- 2. Where do I plan to have my Baby? Guthrie Corning Hospital
- 3. Who is my support person during labor and birth?

Name: ______ Phone: ______

This person is:

- My partner
 My baby's father
 My family
 My friend
 Clergy
 Doula
- 4. You have an option for 1 additional support person.

Name:	
Phone:	

This person is:

- \Box My partner \Box My baby's father
- □ My family □ Clergy
- \Box My friend

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- Your baby's due date:
- 5. What kind of support do I want during labor?
 - \Box Help with breathing
 - □ Help working through contractions
 - □ Massage
 - \Box Moving around
 - □ Other:
- 6. Do I want to be able to move around during labor (if possible)?

 \Box Yes \Box No

- 7. What kind of drugs, if any, do I want to help with labor pain?
- 8. Who do I want to cut the umbilical cord?
- 9. Do I want to have my baby's umbilical cord blood saved? □ Yes □ No
 (See page 2 for further instructions.)
- 10. Do I want to breastfeed my baby?

 \Box Yes \Box No

11. If my baby is a boy, do I want to have him circumcised?

 \Box Yes \Box No

12. Are there special traditions I want to take place when my baby is born?

 \Box Yes \Box No

Describe:

13. If there are any problems with me or with the baby, do I want to be told first, or do I want my support person told first?

 \Box Tell me first.

- \Box Tell my support person first.
- 14. Are there other issues the hospital or birthing center staff should know about me or my baby's birth?

 \Box Yes \Box No

Describe:

15. My Baby's health care provider's contact information:

Name: _______
Phone: ______

Cord Blood Collection General Guidance

Patient:

□ Research Cord Blood Banks; we do not recommend one over the other.

□ Enroll as early as possible; preferably before 34 wks.

Request Collection Kit be sent to your home
 (Usually there is no charge for Collection Kit at this point)

□ Take the kit to the hospital on your big day

Doctor: □ Performs the collection

Patient:

□ Call the medical courier for pickup.

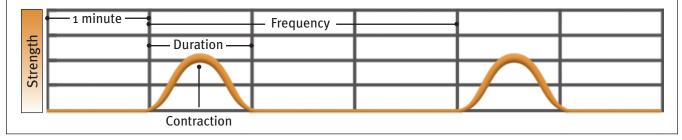
Your kit is picked up from the hospital and delivered to the Cord Blood lab you have chosen. (Billing usually starts as soon as cord blood has been received by the lab.)

Contraction Timing Chart

This page can come in handy when your labor begins. Using a watch, clock, or mobile device that counts seconds, jot down the start time and duration of your contractions. Then, fill in the frequency so you can tell your healthcare provider about your progress. If your labor stops, print another chart and start again next time.

How to Time Contractions

Frequency is measured from the start of one contraction to the start of the next. In this example, the contractions last one minute each and are three minutes apart.



Example:

Contraction #	Start Time	Duration	Frequency
1	10:30:30	30 sec	
2	10:38:00	45 sec	7 min 30 sec
3	0:44:30	45 sec	6 min 30 sec

Date:	Week of Pregnancy*:			
Contraction #	Start Time	Duration	Frequency	
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				

Always call your healthcare provider for specific instructions on when you should go to the hospital. It is generally advised to go to the hospital when contractions are **5** minutes apart, last **1** minute each, and have stayed in that pattern for **1** hour.

You may need to go sooner than **'511'** if you:

- Vomit with contractions
- Feel rectal pressure
- Are unable to walk or talk through contractions
- Think your bag of waters has broken
- Have vaginal bleeding
- Tested positive for Group B Strep and need additional time at the hospital for the administration of antibiotics
- Progress quickly (Call 911 and get into a side-lying position if you are having an extremely fast labor!)
- * If you are experiencing regular contractions (4-6 in one hour) before 37 weeks of pregnancy, call your healthcare provider immediately.



Packing for the Hospital

As the "birth day" of your baby approaches, it's a good idea to pack the items that will make your birth experience easier, more comfortable and more meaningful. These items should be packed and ready to go about two weeks before your due date.

For Mom

- □ Lotion/oil for massages
- \Box Warm socks
- \Box Lip balm for moisture
- \Box Paper fan
- \Box Picture or item for focal point
- \square Back massager or tennis ball
- \Box Warm pack or rice sock
- Nightgown(s) that open in the front for nursing
- \Box Robe
- □ Slippers
- □ Panties/nursing bras/nursing pads
- □ Toothbrush/toothpaste/mouthwash
- □ Hair care items/cosmetics
- Comfortable, loose-fitting clothes to wear home
- □ Birth plan, if not submitted already

Other

For Partner

- □ Insurance information
- □ Snacks for labor
- \Box Change of clothes/toiletries
- □ Phone numbers of friends/relatives
- □ Camera
- \Box This Guide

For Baby

- □ Undershirt/sleeper
- □ Going home clothes/receiving blanket
- Sweater/cap/extra blanket if needed for cold weather
- □ Infant car seat, correctly installed

Items for comfort

- □ Potpourri/Aroma therapy to scent room
- □ Music-favorite CD or playlist

□	